Home Visiting Needs Assessments; What Data Can Inform Planning?

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Overview



- 1. Data Everywhere
- 2. Needs Assessments
- 3. Potential Lenses



Data Everywhere

CDPHE Data Covering the Lifespan

Administrative Data

- □ Birth Certificates to Death Certificates
- Hospital Discharge Data
- Program Data: Family Planning, Newborn Screening, Oral Health, etc.

Surveillance Data

- □ Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (& Birth Certificates)
- ☐ Child Health Survey ☐ National Survey of Children's Health
- Health eMoms
- ☐ Healthy Kids Colorado Survey; Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System Survey

Data Portals

- Colorado Health Indicators
 - https://cdphe.colorado.gov/workplace-safety/data-and-reports/colorado-health-indicators
- VISION
 - https://cdphe.colorado.gov/vision-visual-information-system-for-identifying-opportunities-and-needs
- Kids Count
 - https://datacenter.kidscount.org/data#CO/2/0/char/0
 - https://www.coloradokids.org/data/publications/kids-count-in-colorado-creating-a-path-forward-for-colorados-kids/
- Early Childhood Leadership Commission; Early Milestones Colorado; Colorado Health Institute...



Needs Assessments

What is a Needs Assessment?

- A systematic way of determining the current state before developing solutions.
 - Determine "gaps" between current conditions and desired conditions
 - Looks at both needs and resources
- What it is not...
 - Telling communities what to do
 - The whole picture

Statement on Structural Inequity

The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that long-standing systemic racism, including economic and environmental injustice, has created negative health outcomes. These systems influence a person's health more than individual behaviors and affect marginalized communities, particularly people of color, more than other communities. To realize a future where all Coloradans have the opportunity to thrive, we must be leaders in undoing government policies and practices that have contributed to these inequities.

Recent Needs Assessments

- Recently completed needs assessments
 - Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV)
 - Maternal and Child Health (MCH)
 - Preschool Development Grant, Birth through Five

MIECHV Needs Assessment

- The MIECHV Program is authorized by Social Security Act, Title V, § 511(c) (42 U.S.C. § 711(c)) and requires a needs assessment
- The needs assessment should: "identify at-risk communities as those counties with concentrations of the following indicators"



Potential Lenses

What Are Home Visiting Outcomes?

What are your thoughts?

According to the Administration for Children and Families, home visiting:

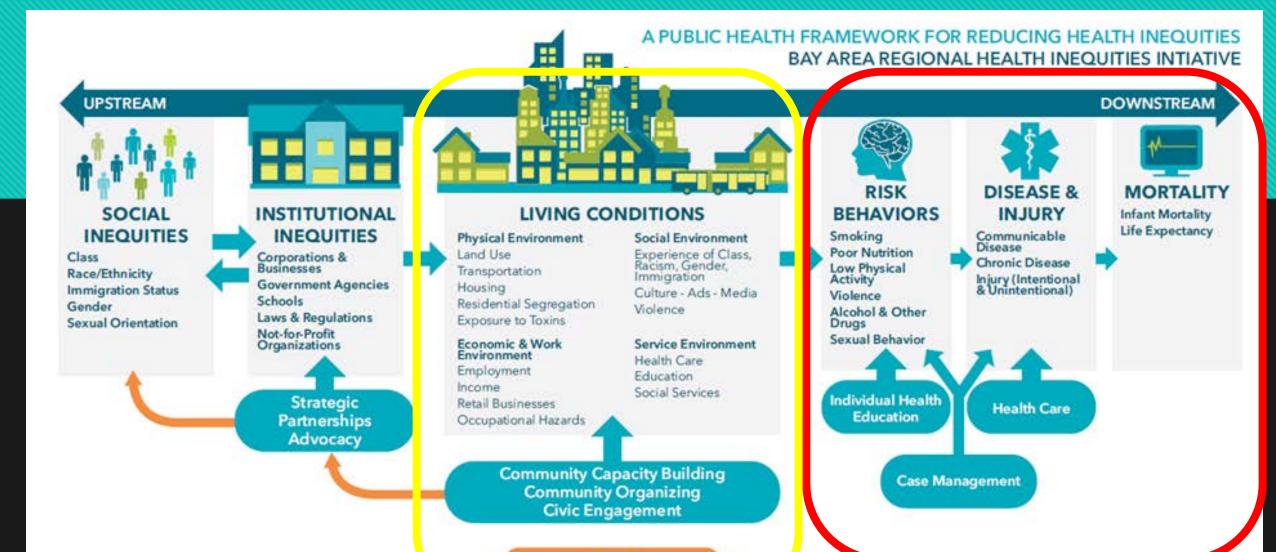
- helps prevent child abuse and neglect,
- supports positive parenting,
- improves maternal and child health, and
- promotes child development and school readiness



What Are Indicators of HV Needs?

What are some domains or indicators that would help us identify families who could benefit from home visiting?

- HRSA defines risk as "communities ... with concentrations of the following indicators:
 - o premature birth, low-birth weight infants, and infant mortality, including infant death due to neglect, or other indicators of at-risk prenatal, maternal, newborn, or child health;
 - o poverty;
 - o crime;
 - o domestic violence;
 - high rates of high-school drop-outs;
 - substance abuse;
 - unemployment; or
 - child maltreatment."



POLICY

Emerging Public Health Practice

Current Public Health Practice

MIECHV Needs Assessment Indicators: Maternal, Infant & Child Outcomes

	Infant / Child	Maternal	Adult
Premature births	X		
Low birth weight	X		
Infant mortality	X		
Maternal risk factors		X	
Child deaths	X		
Child maltreatment	X		
Substance use disorder			X

MIECHV Needs Assessment Indicators: Socio-Demographic Risks

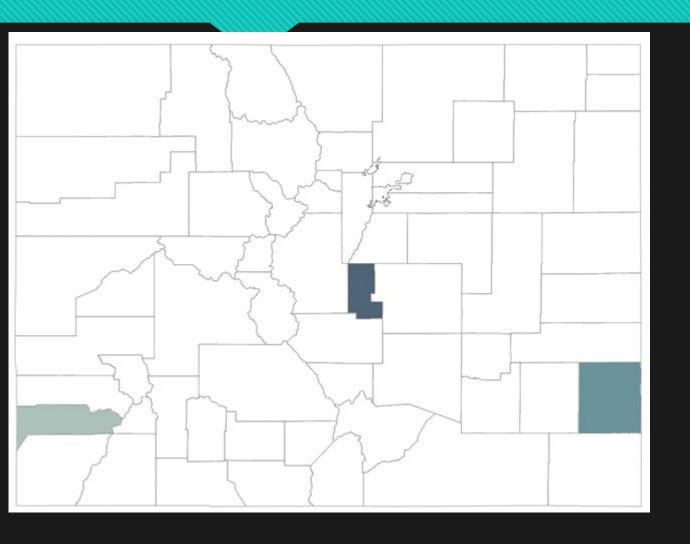
	Infant / Child	Maternal	Adult
Child poverty	X		
Juvenile crime arrests	X		
High school dropout			X
Adult crime			X
Unemployment			X
Individuals below FPL			X

Population Density



Maternal & Child Health: Preterm Birth

(% of live births <37 weeks)



Highest % by county designation

Dolores 40%

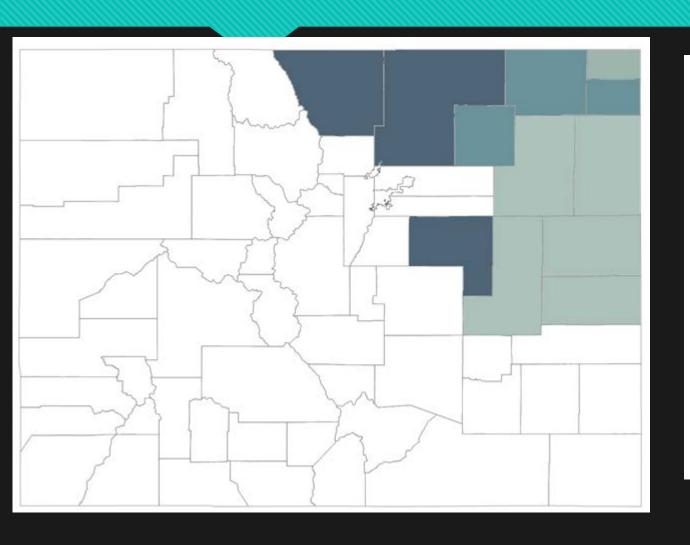
Prowers 16.8%

Teller 14%

Source: Birth Certificates, CDPHE, Vital Statistics, 2019

Maternal & Child Health: Illicit Drug Use

(prevalence of illicit drug use excluding marijuana in the past month (regional data)



Highest prevalence by region (4.4)

Cheyenne, Kit Carson, Lincoln, Sedgwick, Washington, Yuma

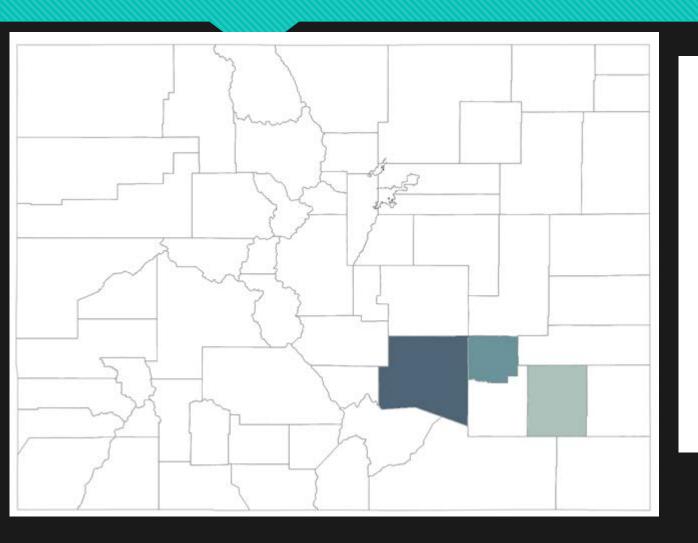
Logan, Morgen, Phillips

Elbert, Larimer, Weld

Source: SAMHSA, NSDUH, 2012-2014 via HRSA

Socio-Economic: Poverty

(% of population living below 100% Federal Poverty Level)



Highest % by county designation

Bent 33.9%

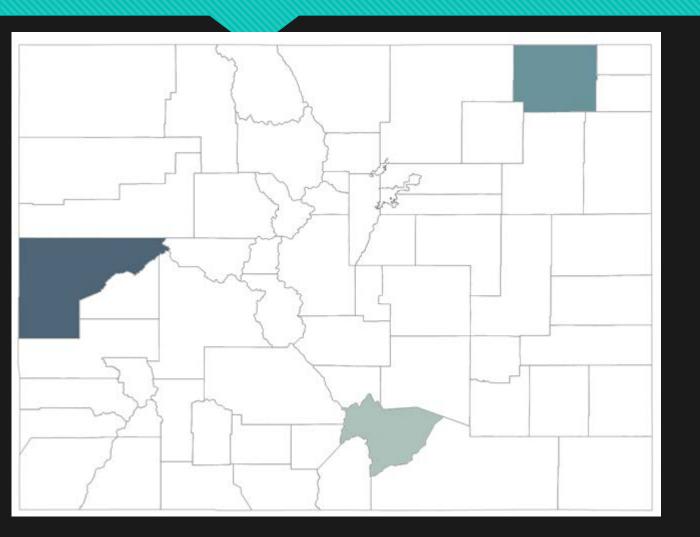
Crowley 44.3%

Pueblo 17.2%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018

Child Health: Child Maltreatment

(rate of maltreatment incidence per 1,000 children (ages 0-17))



Highest rate by county designation

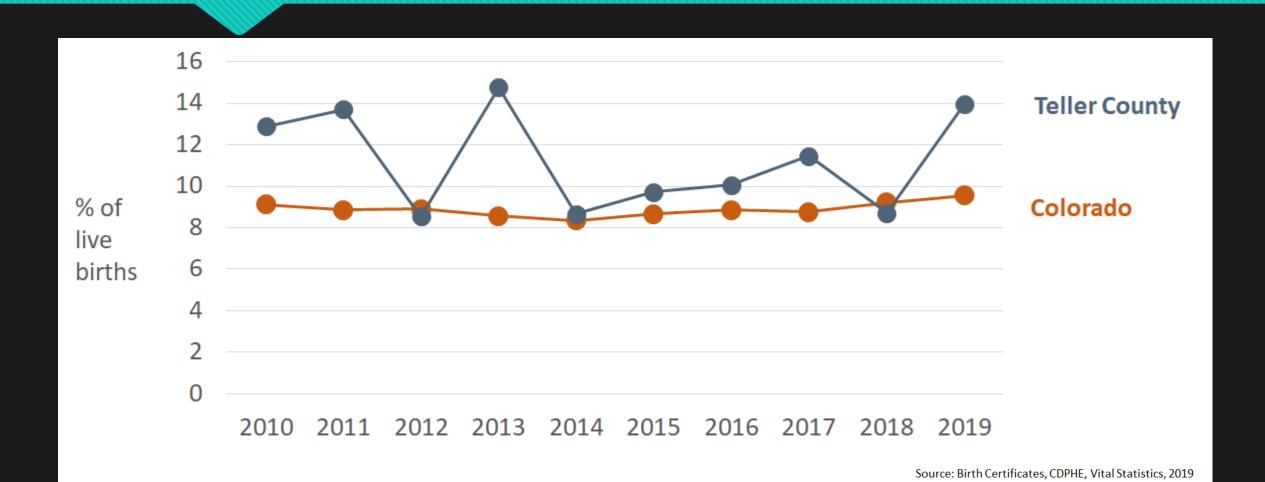
Huerfano 27.4

Logan 29.5

Mesa 19.9

Source: CDHS, 2018 via Kids Count

Preterm Birth Over Time



Identifying Priority Populations

- Criteria focus on health/medical disparities or inequity
 - worse than average outcomes
 - higher than average risk, incidence, prevalence, morbidity
 - below average receipt of services or participation rates
 - "intrinsically" hard to reach
 - inadequate recognition or implementation of effective targeted strategies
- But practical criteria also must come into play
 - big enough population for program to have impact
 - known or readily identifiable strategy(ies) and channel(s) to reach segment
 - affordability

Questions?



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